

VERIFIER HANDBOOK



WHĀIA TE ITI KAHURANGI

Pursue excellence

As a verifier you play a key role in the Primary ITO assessment processes.

We value the knowledge you bring as you observe trainees performance, and are very appreciative of the time and care you put into supporting the trainees growth in skill and knowledge and the Primary ITO assessors understanding of that.

On behalf of the Primary ITO, thank you for your efforts, we couldn't do it without you.

Lester Hoare Quality Manager

Literacy or Numeracy Support

If you, or your learners, would like literacy and numeracy support or advice please contact the Primary ITO Literacy and Numeracy Team:

literacy.numeracy@primaryito.ac.nz



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The differences between a verifier and an assessor

Verifiers

- Verifiers are usually a supervisor, team lead, manager, or a person with sound knowledge of the assessment topic.
- · Verifiers are used because of their subject matter knowledge and their frequent onjob access to a trainee.
- The main job of a verifier is to decide if the trainee is completing practical tasks to the required standard.
- · Assessors and verifiers work together to plan how the assessment process will work (who, what, where, when, how), and to ensure the verifier understands the quality, type and the amount of evidence trainees need to collect, and how to set out their comments for the assessor.
- Verifier experience in the tasks being assessed confirms for the assessor that a learner has transferred learning into workplace best-practice. This involves verifiers observing and questioning whilst the learner performs activities/tasks and giving feedback on the performance being witnessed.
- · Verifiers guide and assist trainees in their collection of evidence, and therefore play a key role in supporting learners to achieve their qualification.

Assessors

- Need to gain registration with the Primary ITO.
- · Are expected to have a minimum level of professional assessor training (Unit Standard 4098 for workplace and affiliate assessors, the more complex Unit Standard 30421 for ITO assessors).
- Have their professional practice regularly reviewed (moderated) by the ITO Quality team.
- Are expected to participate in ongoing continuing professional development workshops offered by the ITO.
- · Are required to make the final decision regarding competency.
- · Have the authority to register the assessment results with Primary ITO, who report those to NZQA.

Triangular evidence relationship



Responsibilities

VERIFIER	ASSESSOR	вотн
Be competent in their own practice.	Know about the unit standard requirements and how to assess them.	Have an understanding of the industry standard.
Be in a position to capture naturally occurring evidence.	Oversee the assessment process.	Know the organisation's policies and procedures.
Be able to authenticate evidence.	Responsible for the quality of assessment.	Ensure trainee knows when assessment and verification is happening.
Understand the evidence requirements and the standard required.	Final sign-off of competency.	Plan with the trainee when verification/assessment is going to occur.
Provide feedback and support to the assessor and trainee.	Provide feedback and support to verifiers and the trainee.	Excellent communications skills.
Should know the trainee.	Register credits.	Accurate and thorough documentation
Liaise with assessor.	Liaise with verifier.	

It is unlikely that an assessor would dispute the judgment of a verifier. However, the assessor does have the final say on the assessment outcome and should ask for more evidence if their judgment differs from that of a verifier. Any decisions made which involve a judgment difference between verifier and assessor should be fully recorded in the assessment by the assessor.

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Effective verifiers

A learner may have more than one verifier throughout their qualification as they work with different managers, team leaders and supervisors. What needs to be in common for all those verifiers is that they have expertise in the topic being assessed - being a mate or buddy of the learner in itself does not make for an effective verifier (a verifier may coincidentally also be the assessor - it will depend on the structure of the workplace).

NSIN

Verifiers capture what is evident in normal working life, so it is best if the verifier is someone who works with the learner on a regular basis (they do not necessarily need to be the same person who carries out training).

The majority of the verifier off-job role is taken up with commenting in writing, signing and dating tasks - possibly quite regularly if the trainee is making rapid progress - so it is important that a verifier has the time available during their work schedule to perform those duties for all the trainees they are involved with.

Qualities of a verifier



Primary ITO approach to verification

Not all ITO sectors require verification in the same way or to the same extent. For example the horticulture and primary services industries use the verification model where activities are verified as they are completed. When all activities within the assessment are completed it is then that the verifier is required to comment on the overall performance of the trainee.

However, all Primary ITO assessments have an associated Assessor / Verifier Guide that sets out the assessment tasks and the expected evidence of competency, which the Verifier needs to consider in relation to the workplace possibilities for evidence.

Often a verification will be based on observation of practical work, but it may also arise from what the trainee describes in writing, or in an answer to questions about a task.

NOTE: You should obtain and read the assessment-related Assessor / Verifier Guide (or have an ITO Training Advisor or Sector Manager take you through that) so you know for what you are looking at / looking for. As an example, the seafood sector Assessor / Verifier Guide below shows what the Verifier can expect to be told by the trainee.

Evidence

The Learner answers the question. Example answers are provided:

Manual hauling

- Choose the end of the line to haul from. This will depend on the weather conditions, how many lines the vessel has in the water. and what their plan is in terms of hauling those lines, or steaming to a new fishing spot.
- Find and retrieve the fishing gear. This can be done with the help of a GPS radio buoy.
- · Retrieve the floats.

Normally there are progressive verifications related to specific trainee tasks. Note in the example the word 'competently'. If you encounter that, competency is something you as an experienced person must make a judgment around based on whatever the assessment task prescribes, plus what your sector / organisation defines as competent work in standard practice expectations, operating procedures, etc.

Verifier declaration - Acitivity 10	
The Learner demonstrated that they are able to competently help with rearing calves.	Verifier signature:
	Date:

NOTE: Progressive verifications are best completed whilst the trainee's performance is fresh in your mind so you can comment with accurate and specific detail. Writing comments at a distance from the task completion leads to generalities, which are not informative for the trainee or assessor.

The value of verifier comments

Primary ITO expects verifiers to write comments where required, and date and sign those. The comments provide written feedback to the assessor on the notable aspects of the trainee's performance that were observed.

In the comments you are explaining why you know the trainee is competent.

General Verifier comments such as 'Good' or 'Completed' do not provide enough detail. Take a look on the next page at an end of assessment comment where a verifier has thoroughly summed up the competency of the trainee. The verifier in this case took the opportunity to explain the really good performance aspects and provide some encouraging feedback to the trainee.

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Attestation

Attestation to confirm that you can coordinate safe work practices and procedures to meet workplace compliance requirements.

I can confirm that the Learner can demonstrate that they can take a leading role in coordinating safe work practices.

- Coordinate health and safety activities to ensure workplace meets compliance requirements.
- Identify and report non-compliance, and take appropriate corrective action to manage the risk.

Verifier comments:

Comments must be descriptive of the Learner's competency and include information about the Learner's level of capability, and ongoing competency.

Sam has staff responsibilities for a packing line. Sam took a leading role coordinating four health and safety activities which contributed to a safer working environment. Two situations of non-compliance were identified and Sam took effective action to manage the health and safety risk.

Sam continues to take a lead role in co-ordinating health and safety activities, and is proactive in managing the risks to staff working in the packing line.

Verifier signature:	
Date:	6/3/17

NOTE: Verifying third-hand - using anecdotal feedback from a co-worker - can be unreliable and unfair to the trainee. This is because it is often difficult to fully capture verbally the detail of all performance aspects unless specifications are being used as a basis for reporting. eg. where a Machine Start-up Standard Operating Procedure is being used. In those cases, the verifier should make a note of the third party details.

For example: "Team leader for the gang closely checked trainee's work cutting last season's canes on 10 rows of grapes."

>>> Your signature is taken as confirmation that you are fully confident the trainee is skilled in the task.

When a trainee is ready for verification Learners firstly need enough time to be trained, to practice, to experiment, make mistakes, get feedback and improve. They should not feel that their every working moment is being considered for verification purposes whilst they are still learning. When an assessment task can consistently be repeated to the required level of competency, that is the time to formally verify the trainee's skill or knowledge acquisition. Confirm with the trainee that you feel they are ready to be verified and then record their performance in the assessment. By progressively using assessment parts as ongoing evidence you are allowing more time for training and practise in the upcoming assessment aspects, plus the learner is further encouraged by knowing that what they are achieving day to day on-job is being written and recognised.

The learner is not ready for you to verify if they

- · haven't had a chance to study and/or been fully trained.
- haven't practised to the point of where they can complete the task(s) on their own without guidance.
- haven't had feedback on their performance or a chance to ask questions.
- are being verified in a situation they have not experienced before for example training how to drench sheep and verifying based on drenching deer.
- cannot meet all the Primary ITO assessment task conditions.
- feel, for whatever reason, they are not yet ready.

NOTE: When you are observing the trainee's skill and knowledge you should not have to coach / direct them as they complete a task. If they do require direction that means they are still in training and are not yet ready to be verified.

Authentic evidence

As a verifier you should be looking for authentic evidence. Authentic evidence arises from the trainee being assessed and not from another person. Unless the assessment actually states a task is to be done collaboratively, the trainee should not be receiving assistance or aid from another, for example a co-worker helping a trainee achieve their required tally or giving guidance whilst they are being verified.

Is 'near enough' good enough for verification?

The Primary ITO assessment sets out the tasks that require verification. Those tasks need to be carried out in the context of workplace operating procedures, quality requirements, health and safety legislation, workplace performance expectations (for example in terms of time, numbers, documentation and completion).

It is important that the trainee's task completion fully meets all of the above expectations.

If for any reason a trainee cannot meet all of the task requirements, make a clear note of that in your comments, state why that is, and then draw it to the assessor's attention for discussion.

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Stopping verification

Stop the verification (and trainee if needed) if:

- you can see the trainee or others are in an unsafe situation.
- it is quite obvious the trainee is unable to demonstrate competence in what the assessment task requires.
- factors that the trainee cannot control impact on their performance for example a
 workmate contributing on
 what is meant to be a task completed by one person, or someone or something
 distracting them.

In those circumstances, you should use the following pocess: Feedback – Re-coach – Control the verification environment – Re-verify.

Always check

Is what you see typical of the trainee's work?

Are you sure they could repeat in the same situation and get the same results?

In team settings or group work, are you confident you have been able to identify just the trainee's contribution?

Did the trainee complete the task without any coaching or guidance?

Telling a trainee their skills and knowledge are not ready to be verified

In many circumstances trainees know when their performance isn't up to scratch, so it's useful to ask the trainee their thoughts about their performance after the task is completed.

Be honest in your feedback to a trainee and focus on explaining the assessment / workplace expectation of their performance: "If you do it that way it is not safe, not effective in terms of, too slow, too fast, not how we expect the task to be done on this farm, orchard, vineyard, packhouse, plant, vessel, etc."

Re-train/coach on what the expectation is and remind them they can be re-verified after more practice.

Helping the trainee collect evidence

As well as observing a trainee in action, checking their finished work, talking with them and so on, the trainee may be asked as part of their assessment to supply confirmation in the form of photographs, video, copies of workplace documentation, feedback forms, etc.

Prompt and support them to gather that evidence (which can be as simple as offering to taking a photograph of them in action and their finished work).

There may be opportunities for evidence that are not mentioned in the assessment. If so, be proactive and guide the trainee to take that and present it to their assessor.

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The Primary ITO Quality team

Quality is a specialist Primary ITO team who monitor and evaluate assessment documentation and assessor decisions to ensure that standards are applied validly and consistently to all learners. This work is a requirement of the New Zealand Qualifications Authority.

To do that the team regularly samples assessments across all sectors and undertakes a detailed independent check of the trainee, verifier and assessor's work within those (the process is called moderation).

Their work confirms sound practice, but can also bring about changes to assessment wordings and assessor (and sometimes verifier's) practice where needed, so that Primary ITO aligns with national expectations.

Further verifier information

Your Primary ITO Training Adviser can support you with verification. Please contact them if you have queries about the verification role or tasks.

Take a look at the Primary ITO Workplace Assessor website:

https://www.primarvito.ac.nz/workplace-assessors/

Watch the video Assessor vs Verifier in particular.



Contacts

If you have any questions or queries, please contact your regional Training Adviser or Sector Manager for assistance.

Call 0800 20 80 20

For up to date information about moderation and assessment please visit www.primaryito.ac.nz

